 □ methamphetamines (speed, crystal) □ cannabis (marijuana, pot) □ inhalants (paint thinner, aerosol, glue) □ tranquilizers (valium) □ cocaine □ narcotics (heroin, oxycode □ hallucinogens (LSD, musl □ other 	rooms)	e, etc.)
Iow often have you used these drugs? □ Monthly or less □ Weekly	☐ Daily or alı	nost daily
1. Have you used drugs other than those required for medical reasons?	No	Yes
2. Do you abuse more than one drug at a time?		Yes
3. Are you unable to stop using drugs when you want to?		Yes
4. Have you ever had blackouts or flashbacks as a result of drug use?		Yes
5. Do you ever feel bad or guilty about your drug use?		Yes
6. Does your spouse (or parents) ever complain about your involvement with drugs?		Yes
7. Have you neglected your family because of your use of drugs?		Yes
8. Have you engaged in illegal activities in order to obtain drugs?		Yes
9. Have you ever experienced withdrawal symptoms (felt sick) when you stopped taking drugs?		Yes
10. Have you had medical problems as a result of your drug use (e.g. memory loss, hepatitis, convulsions, bleeding)?		Yes
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	1

Scoring and interpreting the DAST:

"Yes" responses receive one point each and are added for a total score. The score correlates with a zone of use that can be circled on the bottom right corner of the page.

Score	Zone of use	Indicated action	
0	I – No risk No risk of related health problems	None	
1 - 2, plus the following criteria: No daily use of any substance; no weekly use of drugs other than cannabis; no injection drug use in the past 3 months; not currently in treatment.	II – Risky Risk of health problems related to drug use.	Offer brief education on the benefits of abstaining from drug use. Monitor at future visits.	
1 - 2 (without meeting criteria)		Brief intervention	
3 - 5	III – Harmful Risk of health problems related to drug use and a possible mild or moderate substance use disorder.	Brief intervention (offer options that include treatment)	
6+	IV – Severe Risk of health problems related to drug use and a possible moderate or severe substance use disorder.		

Brief education: Inform patients about low-risk consumption levels and the risks of excessive alcohol use.

Brief intervention: Patient-centered discussion that employs Motivational Interviewing concepts to raise an patient's awareness of their substance use and enhances their motivation to change their use. Brief interventions are typically performed in 3-15 minutes, and should occur in the same session as the initial screening. Repeated sessions are more effective than a one-time intervention.

If a patient is ready to accept treatment, a referral is a proactive process that facilitates access to specialized care for individuals likely experiencing a substance use disorder. These patients are referred to alcohol and drug treatment experts for more definitive, in-depth assessment and, if warranted, treatment. However, treatment also includes prescribing medications for substance use disorder as part of the patient's normal primary care.

More resources: www.sbirtoregon.org